Intro to Cybersecurity

2.1.1 - Social Engineering





Intro to Cybersecurity

Activity – 7 Steps of Hacking





Social Engineering

Definition: threats against the human factors in the technology environment.

What is the goal of social engineering?

To get an authorized user to give information or access to an unauthorized person

What methods are used to reach this goal?

Deception and trickery







Social Engineering Continued

Which of the 7 Steps of Hacking might indicate that humans are our targets?

#1 Recon and/or #3 Gaining Access use the humans in the target organization.

- Why is Social Engineering so successful?
 - Because humans want to be helpful
 - Because humans want to avoid confrontation
 - Because humans often make sloppy mistakes

Let's look at some examples





Social Engineering Example

Example #1: TV5Monde reporter reveals usernames/passwords







Full article: http://arstechnica.com/security/2015/04/hacked-french-networkexposed-its-own-passwords-during-tv-interview/



Demo of a Vishing attack

And I can't remember what email address we used to log on to the account, and the baby's crying-

PEAL PU







Techniques of Social Engineering

1. Baiting

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- 2. Shoulder Surfing
- 3. Piggybacking / Tailgating
- 4. Info written in workspace
- 5. Dumpster Diving

Categorize each:

- 1. Trying to be helpful
- 2. Avoid confrontation
- 3. Sloppy mistake

- 6. Pretexting impersonation with rushing or "emergency"
- 7. Pretexting wearing a uniform or using authority
- 8. Scareware
 - Phishing / Spear phishing / Whaling \rightarrow covered in next section





Protect against Social Engineering

- 1. Piggybacking → security guards/gates/turnstiles
- 2. Shoulder Surfing \rightarrow shield the screen or keypad
- 3. Dumpster Diving → shred discarded documents
- 4. Scareware \rightarrow use malware scanner
- 5. Baiting

- 6. Info written in workspace
- 7. Pretexting all types
- 8. Phishing all types



User Security Awareness and Policies





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Lab – Social Engineering Toolkit



